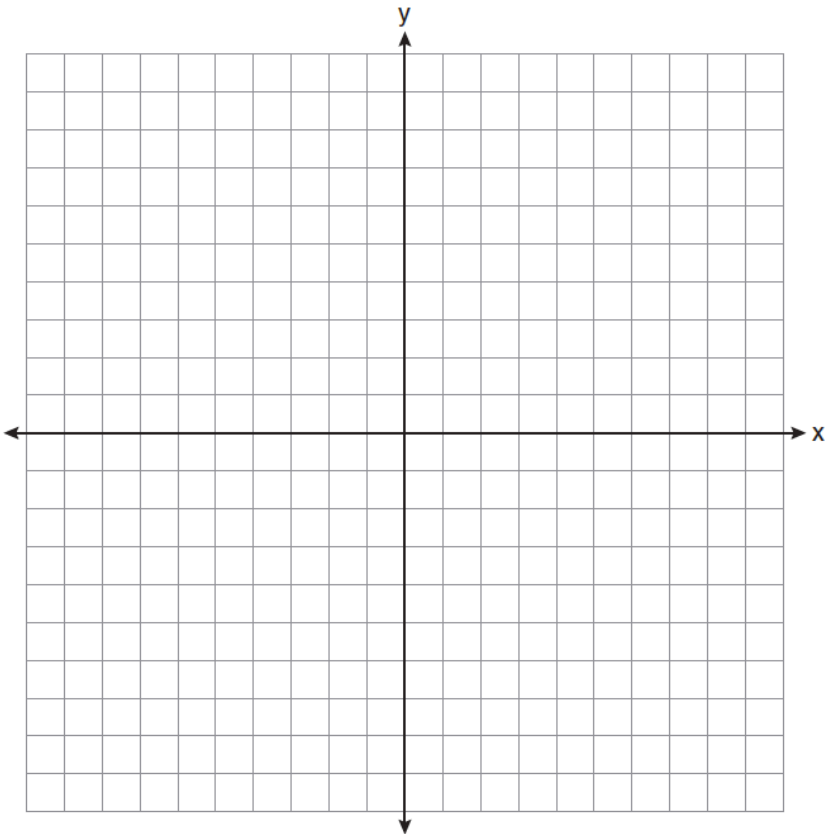


1. Given the function $l(x) = x + 2$, let's define a new function $D(x)$ to be the distance from the origin $(0,0)$ to any point $(x, l(x))$ on the graph of l .

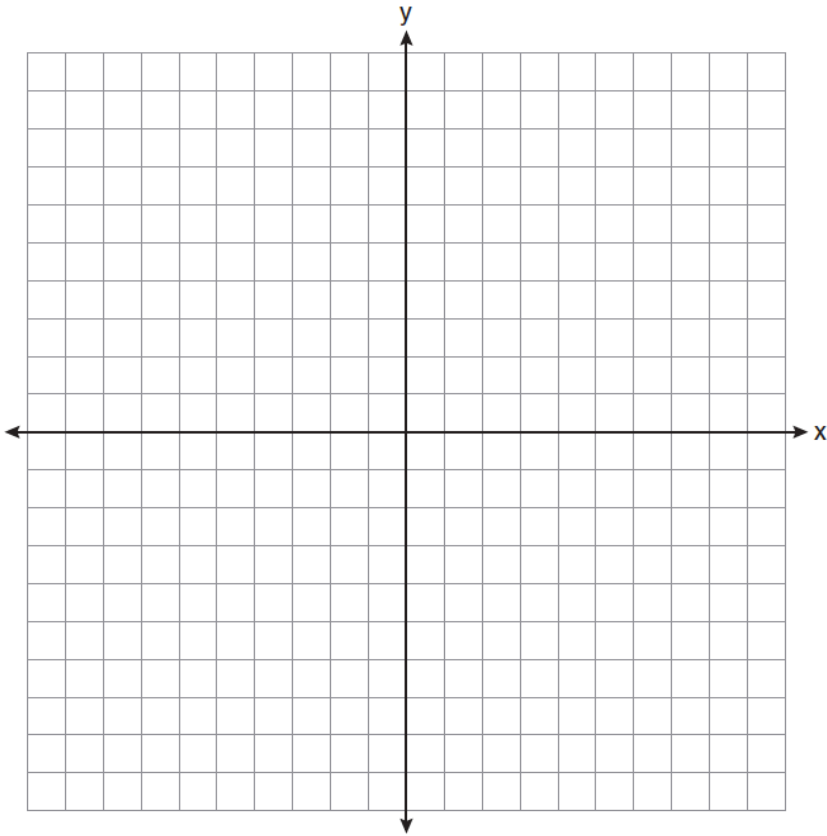
- i. Graph $l(x)$ below.
- ii. Plot $l(1)$. Find the distance from $(0,0)$ to $(1, l(1))$.
- iii. Is $(1, \sqrt{10})$ on the graph of $D(x)$?
- iv. Choose another point on l and find the distance between $(0,0)$ and that point.



v. What is the distance from $(0,0)$ to any point (x,y) that is on $l(x)$? What does this expression represent? (hint: remember $y=x+2$)

vi. State the natural domain of $D(x)$.

vii. Sketch a graph of $D(x)$ on the axes below.



2. Given the graph of $f(x)$ at the right.

On the same axes, sketch

- a) $f(x+3)$
- b) $f(x)+3$
- c) $3f(x)$
- d) $f(2x)$

