## **Review Questions**

1. Evaluate the following limits. If the limit does not exist, write DNE. Show work or explain how you arrived at your solution.

 $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^3 - 8}$ 

 $\lim_{x\to\infty}\frac{3x}{x^2-x}$ 

 $\lim_{x\to -\infty}\frac{e^x}{x^2}$ 

2. Evaluate the  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - x}$  and state what it tells you about the graph of  $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - x}$ 

3. Given a function f that is continuous at x = a, state True or False for each of the following and justify your response.

a. 
$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x)$$
 exists

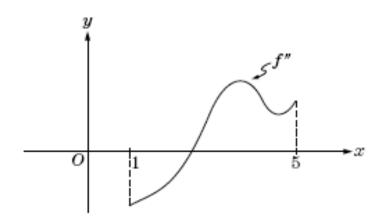
b. 
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$
 exists

c. f is differentiable at x = a

4. Suppose that f and f' are continuous, differentiable functions. Furthermore, suppose that f has a root at -2 and f' has a root at 1. If these are the only roots of f and f' respectively, in the interval [-5,5], where in this interval might f achieve it's minimum value?

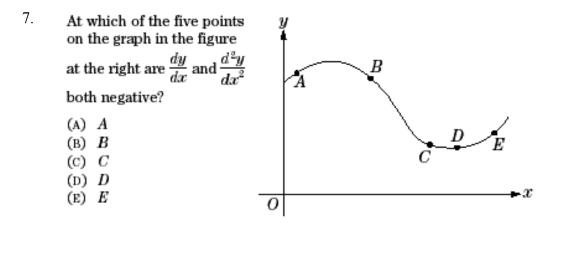
- 5. The temperature at 10 PM was 45 degrees. At 6:00 AM it was 54 degrees.
  - a. Was there a time between 10 PM and 6AM when the temperature was exactly 49 degrees? Explain why or why not.
  - b. Could the temperature at 3:30 AM have been 42 degrees?

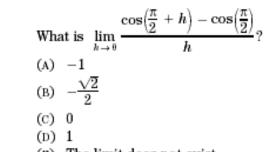
6.



Let f be a function whose domain is the open interval (1, 5). The figure above shows the graph of f''. Which of the following describes the relative extrema of f' and the points of inflection of the graph of f'?

- (A) 1 relative maximum, 1 relative minimum, and no point of inflection
- (B) 1 relative maximum, 2 relative minima, and no point of inflection
- (c) 1 relative maximum, 1 relative minimum, and 1 point of inflection
- (D) 1 relative maximum and 2 points of inflection
- (B) 1 relative minimum and 2 points of inflection

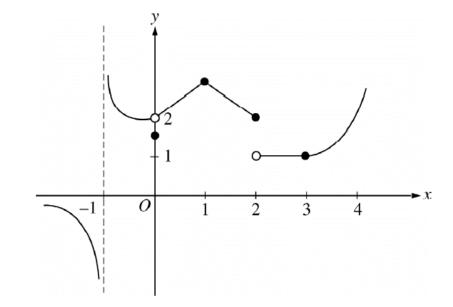




8.

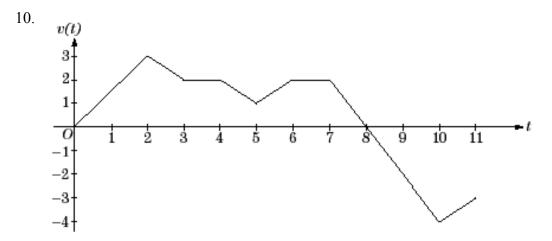
9.

(E) The limit does not exist.



The graph of a function *f* is shown above. If  $\lim_{x \to b} f(x)$  exists and *f* is not continuous at *b*, then b =

- (A) -1
- (B) 0
- (C) 1
- (D) 2
- (E) 3



A bug is crawling along a straight wire. The velocity, v(t), of the bug at time t,  $0 \le t \le 11$ , is given in the graph above.

According to the graph, at what time t does the bug change direction?

- (A) 2
- (B) 5
- (C) 6
- (D) 8
- (E) 10

## According to the graph, at what time t is the speed of the bug greatest?

- (A) 2
- (B) 5
- (C) 6
- (D) 8
- (E) 10

11. Find the derivative of the following:

 $f(x) = e^x \sin x$ 

$$f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$$

 $f(x) = \cos(x^2 + 1)$ 

12. Find the equation of the tangent line to  $x + 2xy = y^2$  at (0,-1).